

Vital Farms, Inc. Furey Research Partners Hidden Gems Conference

November 25, 2024

Reporting Disclaimer

This presentation contains, in addition to historical information, certain forward-looking statements, as defined in Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, that are based on our current assumptions, expectations and projections about future performance and events and relate to, among other matters, our future financial performance, our business strategy, industry and market trends, future expectations concerning our market position, future operations and capital expenditures. Statements in this presentation that are forward-looking include, but are not limited to, statements related to the company's ability to acquire new customers and successfully retain existing customers, the Company's ability to effectively manage long-term growth, market opportunity, specifications and timing around our potential planned egg washing and packing facility in Indiana, the effect of such facility on our future revenue, future growth and development of our farm network, anticipated growth, and future financial performance, including management's outlook for fiscal year 2024 and management's long-term outlook.

Forward-looking statements generally contain words such as "anticipates," "approximately," "believes," "estimates," "may," "plans," "should," "will," and similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are only predictions, not historical fact. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations include, among others: Vital Farms' expectations regarding its revenue, expenses, and other operating results; Vital Farms' ability to acquire new customers, to successfully retain existing customers, and to attract and retain its personnel, farmers, suppliers, distributors, and co-manufacturers; Vital Farms' ability to sustain or increase its profitability; Vital Farms' ability to procure sufficient high-quality eggs, cream for its butter, and other raw materials; real or perceived quality or food safety issues with Vital Farms' products or other issues that adversely affect Vital Farms' brand and reputation; changes in the tastes and preferences of consumers; the financial condition of, and Vital Farms' relationships with, its farmers, suppliers, co-manufacturers, distributors, retailers, and foodservice customers, as well as the health of the foodservice industry generally; the impact of agricultural risks, including diseases such as avian influenza; the ability of Vital Farms, its farmers, suppliers, and its co-manufacturers to comply with food safety, environmental or other laws or regulations; the effects of a public health pandemic or contagious disease on Vital Farms' supply chain, the demand for its products, and on overall economic conditions and consumer confidence and spending levels; future investments in its business, anticipated capital expenditures and estimates regarding capital requirements; anticipated changes in Vital Farms' product offerings and Vital Farms' ability to innovate to offer successful new products or enter into new product categories; the costs and success of marketing efforts; Vital Farms' ability to effectively manage its growth and to compete effectively with existing competitors and new market entrants; the impact of adverse economic conditions, increased interest rates, and inflation; the impact of Vital Farms' implementation of a new enterprise resource planning system; the potential negative impact of Vital Farms' focus on a specific public benefit purpose and producing a positive effect for society on its financial performance; the sufficiency of Vital Farms' cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and availability of credit under its credit facility to meet liquidity needs; seasonality; and the growth rates of the markets in which Vital Farms competes; and other risks and uncertainties detailed in Vital Farms' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 29, 2024, filed on November 7, 2024, its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, filed on March 7, 2024, and in other filings made from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this presentation except as otherwise required by law.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data obtained from independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry, customers and consumers. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates and data. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the geographic and other markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future periods and our operating results for the 13-week and 39-week periods ended September 29, 2024, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 29, 2024, or any other interim periods or any future year or period.

The trademarks included in this presentation are the property of the owners thereof and are used for reference purposes only.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow are financial measures that are not required by or presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). We believe that Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow, when taken together with our financial results presented in accordance with GAAP, each provides meaningful supplemental information regarding our operating performance and facilitates internal comparisons of our historical operating performance on a more consistent basis by excluding certain items that may not be indicative of our business, results of operations or outlook. Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow should not be considered as alternatives to net (loss) income, net (loss) income per share, net cash provided by operating activities or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP as measures of operating performance, operating cash flows or liquidity. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow should not be construed to imply that our future results will be unaffected by these items. See the appendix to this presentation for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin to net income and of Free Cash Flow to net cash provided by operating activities, the respective most directly comparable financial measures presented in accordance with GAAP.

"Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as net income, adjusted to exclude: (1) depreciation and amortization; (2) (benefit) or provision for income taxes as applicable; (3) stock-based compensation expense; (4) interest expense; (5) change in fair value of contingent consideration; (6) interest income; (7) the costs related to the dissolution of the Ovabrite, Inc. variable interest entity and (8) the costs related to our exit of the convenient breakfast product line. We believe the costs directly related to the dissolution of Ovabrite, Inc. and the convenient breakfast exit should be excluded as they are unlikely to recur. "Adjusted EBITDA Margin" is defined as Adjusted EBITDA divided by net revenue.

"Free Cash Flow" is defined as net cash provided by operating activities, less the amount spent on capital expenditures.

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow are presented for supplemental informational purposes only, have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP. Some of the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow include that (1) they do not properly reflect capital commitments to be paid in the future, (2) although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the underlying assets may need to be replaced and Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not reflect these capital expenditures, (3) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not consider the impact of stock-based compensation expense, (4) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not include costs related to the discontinuation of our convenient breakfast product line; (5) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not consider the impact of any contingent consideration liability valuation adjustments; and (7) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin do not reflect tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us. In addition, our use of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies because they may not calculate Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow in the same manner, limiting the usefulness as comparative measures. Because of these limitations, when evaluating our performance, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow alongside other financial measures, including our net income, cash provided by operating activities and other results stated in accordance with GAAP





Thilo Wrede

Chief Financial Officer



EST. 2007

VITAL FARMS OVERVIEW

Vital Farms at a glance

• Our Story:

 Founded in 2007 and based in Austin, Vital Farms is a Certified B Corporation on a mission to bring ethically produced food to the table. We are driven by our purpose to improve the lives of people, animals and the planet through food

• Our Products:

- Eggs: The leading brand of pasture-raised eggs in the US, and is the second largest egg brand
- o Butter: Our 90% grass-fed butter is a small but growing part of the business

• Our Financials:

- \$472 million in net revenue and \$48 million in adj. EBITDA in 2023¹
- o Guidance of at least \$600 million (+29%²) in net revenue and \$80 million in adj. EBITDA (+65%) for 2024
- \circ \$1 billion net revenue target for 2027 with a 12-14% adj. **EBITDA** margin













Our strength comes from our great products, our powerful brand, and our dedicated people



Consumers trust our ethically produced **premium products**; we are connecting meaningfully with consumers with a **powerful brand**



Our stakeholder model builds trust across our system; people and culture are our key strengths



Our \$1 billion revenue target in 2027 is based on strong consumer demand and enabled by ongoing supply chain investments



We have built a strong and growing business on solid foundations



A RESILIENT & GROWING FARMER NETWORK

>375 Family Farms

WORLD-CLASS PROCESSING FACILITIES

Egg Central Station (Missouri) Seymour, Indiana (expected 2026)



We have developed an alternative to factory farming practices

Year-Round Production



Our Framework

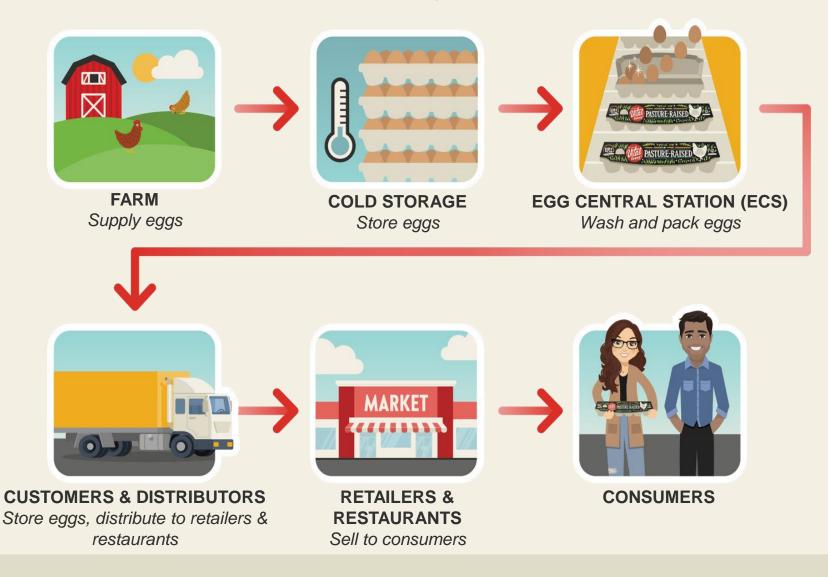
LIVING	OPEN AIR, 108 SQUARE
CONDITIONS	FEET PER HEN
FEED	OMNIVOROUS, INCLUDING GRAIN, PLANTS, INSECTS
LAND	SUSTAINABLE
MANAGEMENT	PRACTICES

NETWORK

DIRECT RELATIONSHIPS WITH FAMILY FARMS

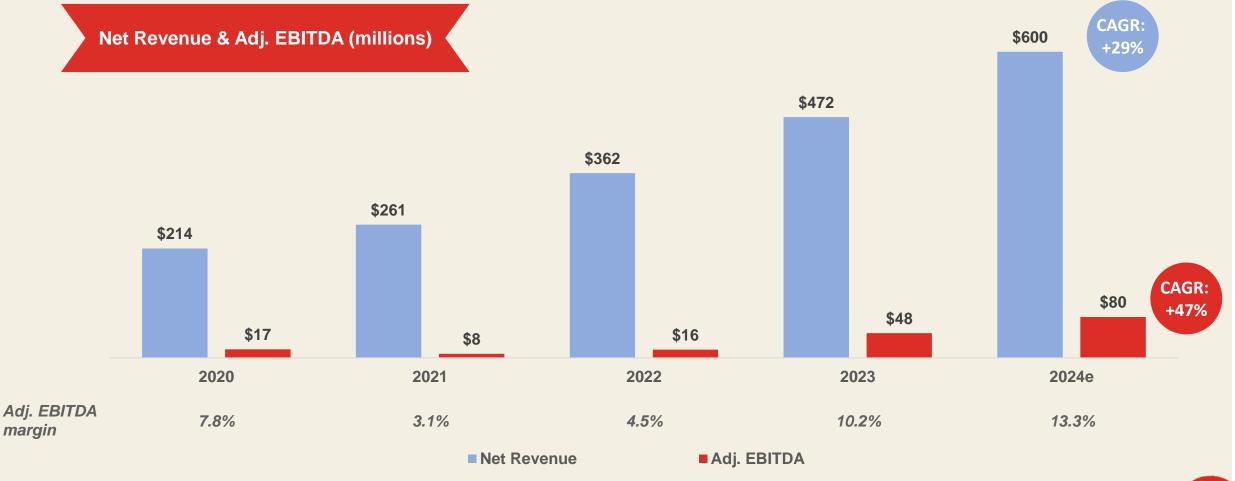


Our operations deliver quality at scale





Current 2024 guidance anticipates delivering nearly 30% Net Revenue and 47% adj. EBITDA CAGRs since 2020



11 Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures and are reconciled to net income and net income margin, their respective closest comparable GAAP measures, in the appendix Source: Vital Farms public filings with the SEC; 2024e represents latest guidance published on 11/7/2024

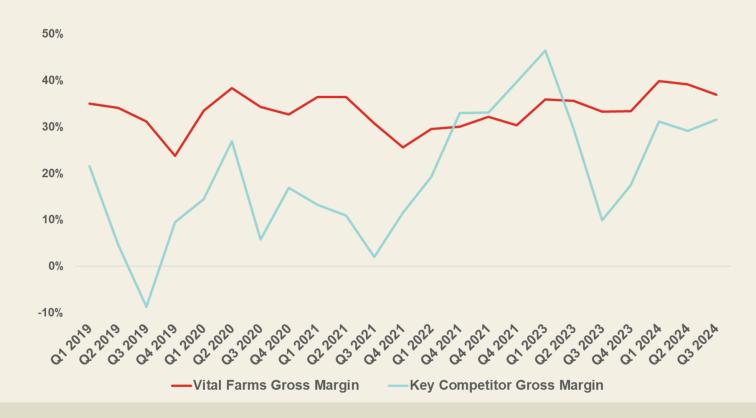
Vital

More than 2/3 of our revenue growth since our IPO has been driven by volume gains



Vital Farms gross margin stability reflects a branded business and not a commodity producer

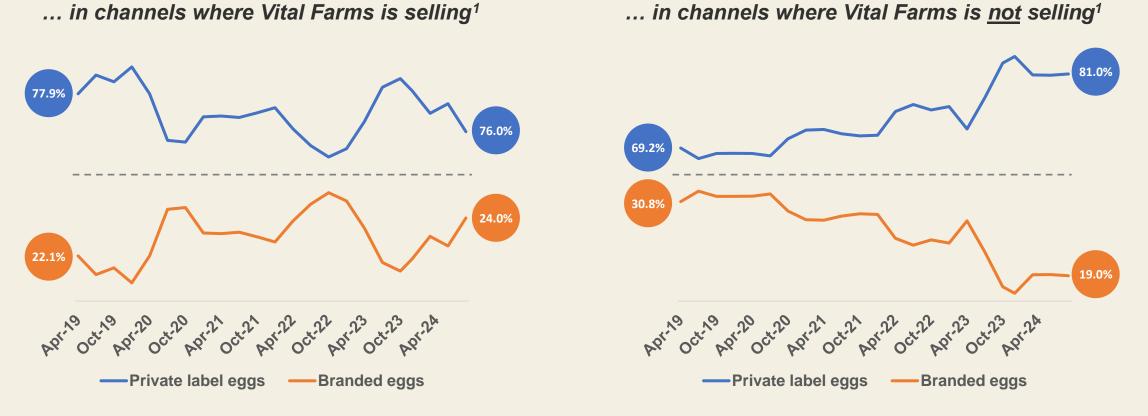
Gross Margin Vital Farms vs. Largest Publicly Listed Egg Producer





In the channels where we are selling, eggs are being decommoditized

EQ volume share of private label and branded eggs ...



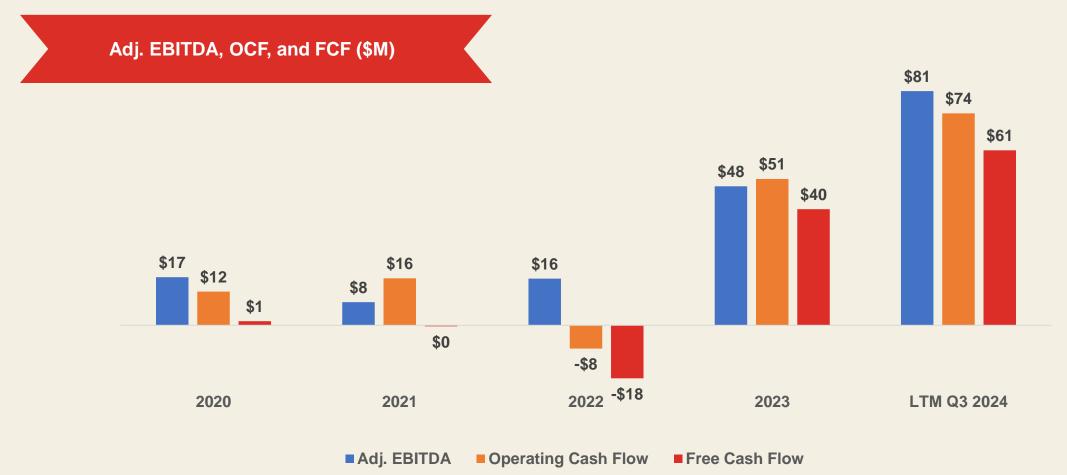
14

Source: Circana, data through 9/29/24

1: Data shown for 13 week periods. Definition of channels where Vital Farms is selling/not selling based on 5 year data availability and having more than minimal distribution. For this purpose, channels where Vital Farms is selling are defined as: Grocery + Mass. Channels where Vital Farms is not selling. Club, Drug, Military, Dollar



Since the completion of the ECS expansion in 2022, we have had strong cash generation





ECS: Egg Central Station, our central egg processing facility in Springfield, MO **15** Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP financial measures and are reconciled with their closest comparable GAAP measures in the appendix

Source: Vital Farms public filings with the SEC

Since our IPO, we have a strong history of beating our expectations

		Guidan	Re	ported				
FY20			Q2 20	Q2 20 Q3 20		v. Initial		
Net revenue (\$M)			\$205-210	\$210-214	\$ 214.3	Better		
Adj. EBITDA (\$M)			\$14-16	\$16-18	\$ 16.8	Better		
FY21	Q4 20	Q1 21	Q2 21	Q3 21	Actual	v. Initial		
Net revenue (\$M)	\$246-253	\$246-253	\$246-253	\$253-256	\$ 260.9	Better		
Adj. EBITDA (\$M)	\$6-8	\$7-9	\$7-9	\$8-9	\$ 8.0	Better		
FY22	Q4 21	Q1 22	Q2 22	Q3 22	Actual	v. Initial		
Net revenue (\$M)	>\$340	>\$340	>\$340	>\$340	\$ 362.1	Better		
Adj. EBITDA (\$M)	>\$13	>\$13	>\$13	>\$13	\$ 16.2	Better		
FY23	Q4 22	Q1 23	Q2 23	Q3 23	Actual	v. Initial		
Net revenue (\$M)	>\$450	>\$450	>\$465	>\$465	\$ 471.9	Better		
Adj. EBITDA (\$M)	>\$30	>\$30	>\$35	>\$40	\$ 48.3	Better		
Capex (\$M)	\$25-30	\$25-30	\$16-21	\$11-16	\$ 11.6	Lower		
FY24	Q4 23	Q1 24	Q2 24	Q3 24	Actual	v. Initial		
Net revenue (\$M)	>\$552	>\$575	>\$590	>\$600	TBD	Better		
Adj. EBITDA (\$M)	>\$57	>\$70	>\$75	>\$80	TBD	Better		
Capex (\$M)	\$35-45	\$35-45	\$35-45	\$30-40	TBD	Lower		

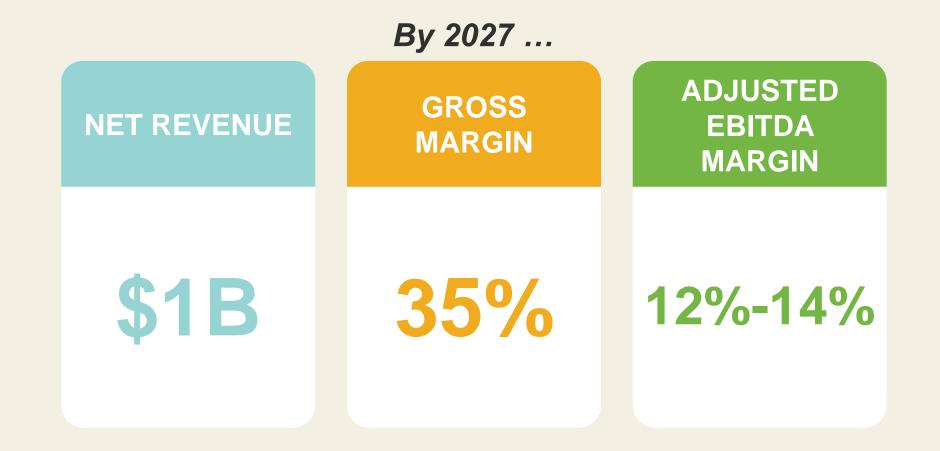
Vital

Note: We cannot provide a reconciliation between our forecasted Adjusted EBITDA and net income, its most directly comparable GAAP measure, without unreasonable effort due to the unavailability of reliable estimates for income taxes, among other items. These items are not within our control and may vary greatly between periods and could significantly impact future financial results. Source: Vital Farms public filings with the SEC

EST. 2007

VITAL FARMS OUTLOOK

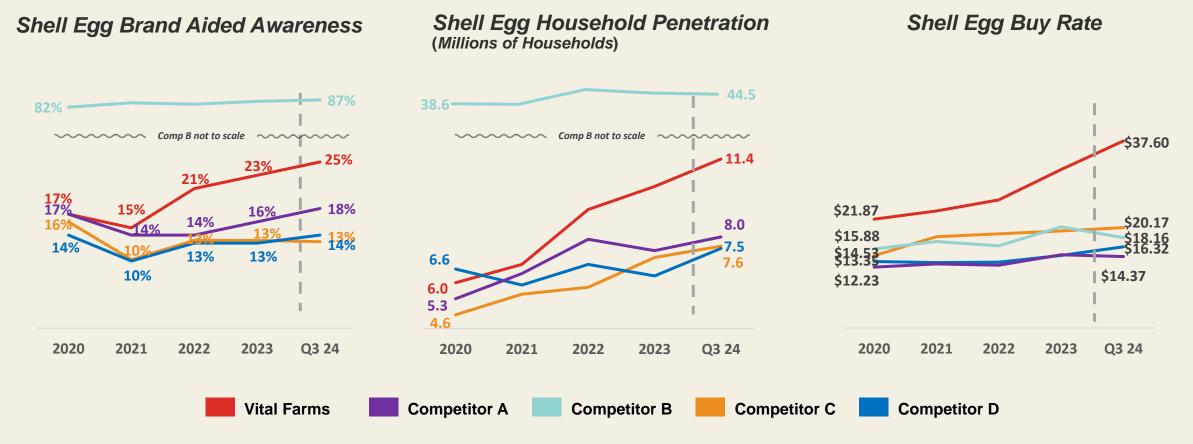
We have attractive long-term financial goals





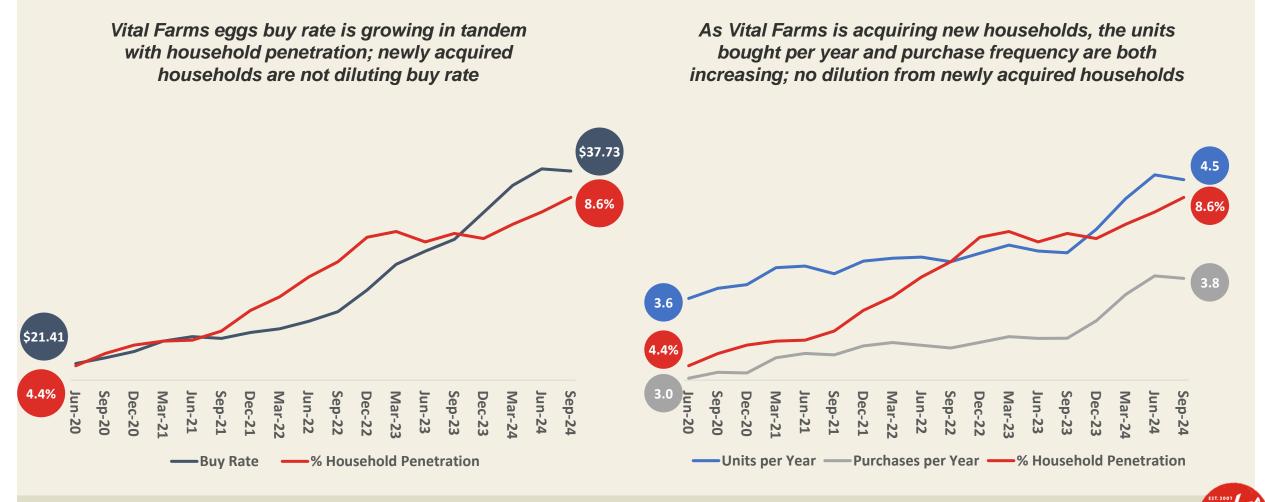
18 Note: These metrics are management goals only, are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including risks described in the "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and other filings and reports that the Company may file from time to time with the SEC

In key metrics we are pulling away from major competitors, pointing to future growth potential





Consumer loyalty is growing: We are increasing household penetration while growing buy rate

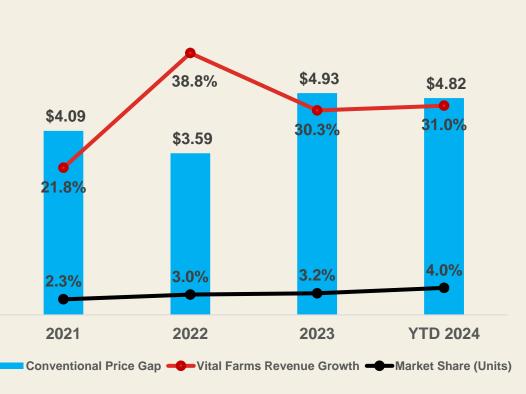


Household penetration: % of US households who have bought Vital Farms eggs at least once in the previous 12 months

20 Buy rate: Retail \$ value of Vital Farms eggs purchases over the previous 12 months by one household

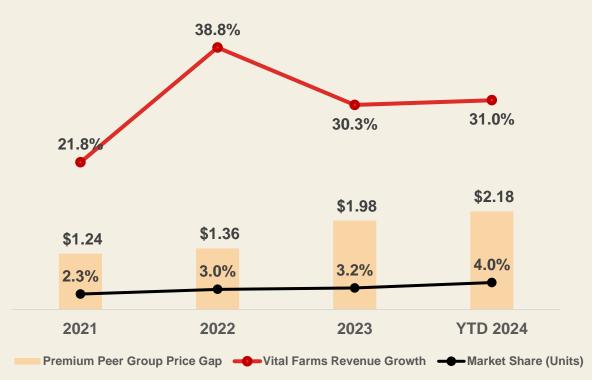
Source: Numerator Insights

Variability in price gap to conventional and premium eggs is not impacting volume share or revenue growth



Vital Farms Price Gap v. Conventional Eggs

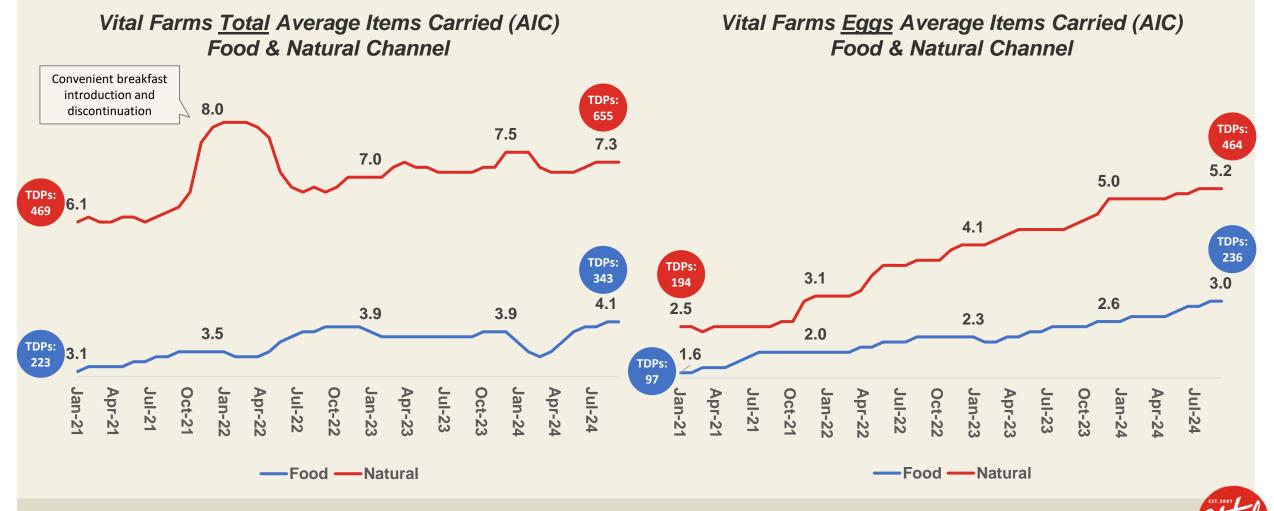
Vital Farms Price Gap v. Premium Eggs





Market = MULO + Natural Enhanced + WFM 21 Calendar year 52 week ending periods for 2021, 2022, 2023, Q3 YTD data WE 9.22.24 Source: Vital Farms filings with the SEC, Egg Price Gaps from SPINS MULO and Natural Enhanced Channel, EQ Dozen ARP

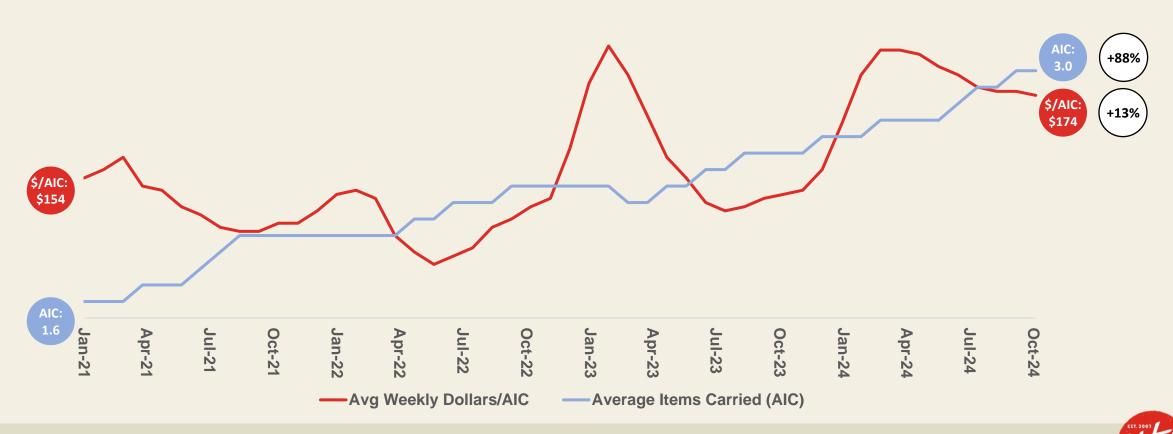
Growth in average items carried has room for further upside



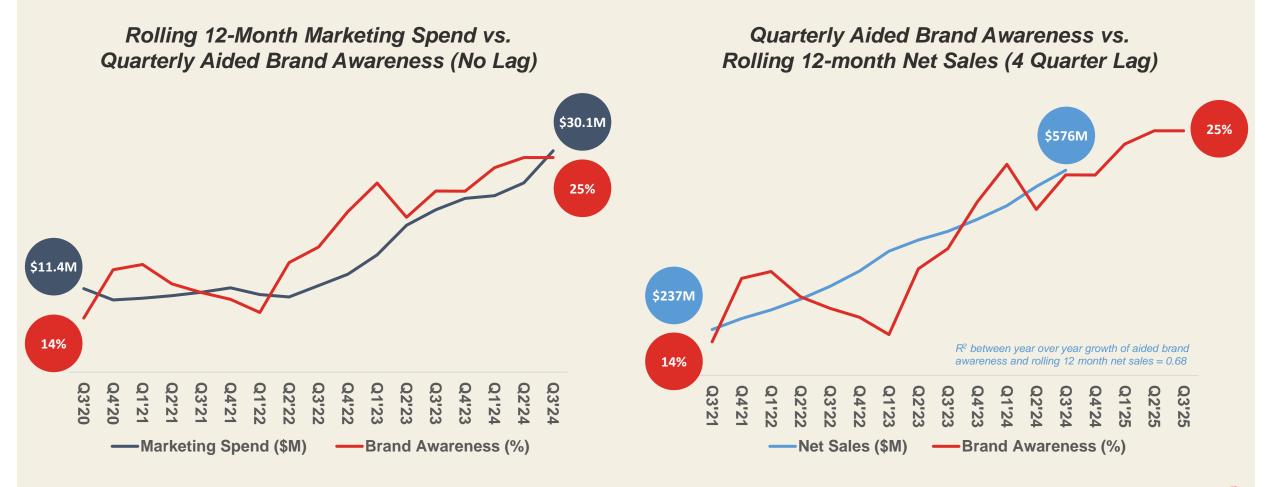
22 TDPs = Total Distribution Points. Calculated as Average Items Carried (AIC) multiplied with All Commodity Volume (ACV, a distribution metric) Source: Circana Total US Food and SPINS Total US Natural Expanded

While we are increasing our distribution on shelf, we are also increasing sales velocity: Retailers want new items

Vital Farms <u>Eggs</u> \$ per Average Items Carried (AIC) Food Channel



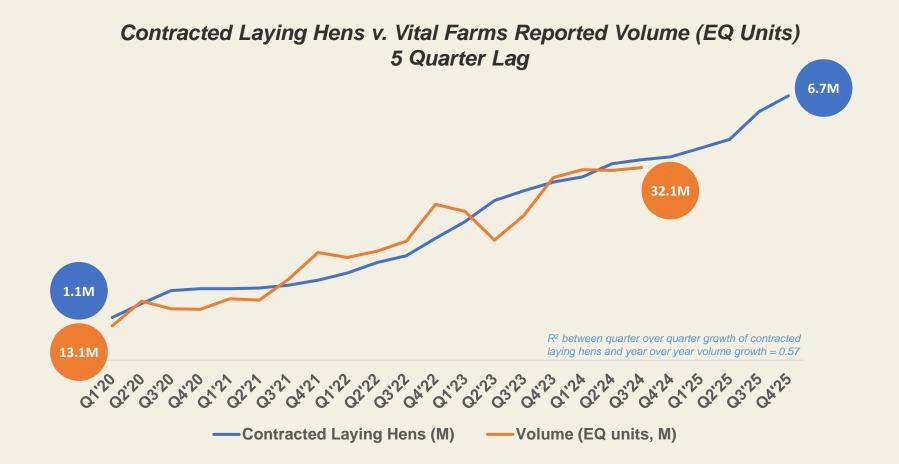
Our marketing investments drive brand awareness, a leading revenue growth indicator





24 Note: Brand Awareness in right chart is shown with a 4 quarter time shift. I.e. Brand Awareness data show for Q3'25 is actual survey data for Q3'24 Source: Company reports; Egg Brand Quarterly Brand Health 2020-Q3 2024; Numerator Panel Rolling 52we 9.30.2024

The number of laying hens on contracted farms is another indicator of future growth





Contracted laying hens are laying hens on existing farms and newly signed farms that are under contract but not yet producing. Assumes 6 months between signing and birds being placed

- 😜 🔹 Contracted laying hens are shown with a 5-quarter time shift. I.e. number of laying hens show for Q4'25 are contracted hens as of Q3'24
- Source: Company analysis

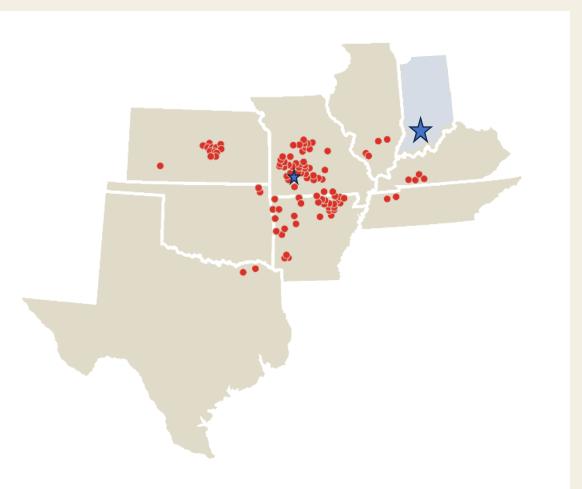
Notes:

To supply future demand and drive growth, we are expanding our farming, washing, and packing footprint

We have a growing network of more than 375 family farms across the Pasture Belt

We are launching a small number of "accelerator"¹ farms that will allow us to test and learn new ideas and improve farm outcomes via best practice sharing

We have a new facility planned in Seymour, Indiana. We expect to break ground in 2025 and to be fully operational by the end of 2026





In summary



We are **disrupting the food system** (for good), and we are **living our purpose** (to improve the lives of people, animals and the planet through food)



We have a strong and growing connection with our consumers



We are on the right path to meet our **ambitious financial targets** for 2027 (\$1bn net sales, 12-14% adj. EBITDA margin) and beyond





EST. 2007

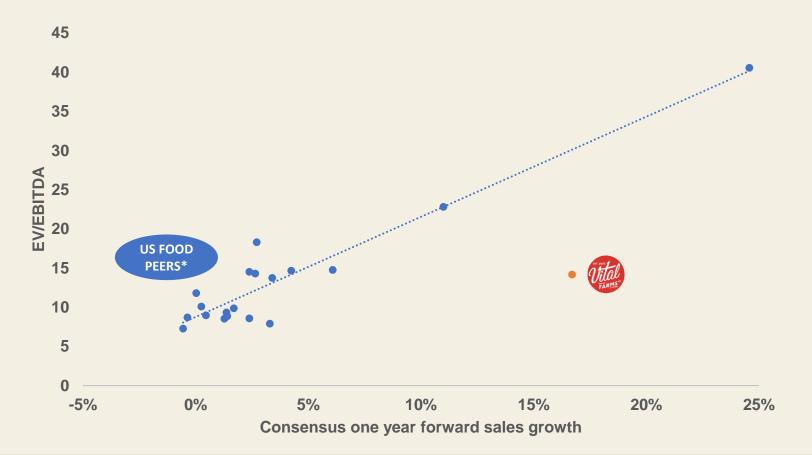
QUESTION & ANSWER SESSION

EST. 2007

APPENDIX

With a branded business and strong topline outlook, we believe our valuation is attractive relative to US food peers

Forward revenue consensus vs. NTM EV/EBITDA



Peers include FRPT (Freshpet), K (Kellanova), KLG (WK Kellogg), POST (POST Holdings), MKC (McCormick), CPB (Campbell's), NOMD (Nomad Foods), GIS (General Mills), CAG (Conagra), HSY (Hershey), PEP (PepsiCo), MDLZ (Mondelez), BRBR (BellRing), THS (TreeHouse), KHC (Kraft Heinz), SJM (JM Smucker), SMPL (Simply Good Foods), BGS (B&G Foods)
as of November 22, 2024 Source: Bloomberg



Historical Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(\$ thousands) 2	Ended 9-Dec-19		Ended -Dec-20		nded Dec-21		Ended -Dec-22		Ended -Dec-23		Inded Sep-24
Net income \$	3,312	\$	8,884	\$	2,382		1,230	\$	25,566	<u> </u>	42,808
Depreciation and amortization (1)	1,921	Ψ	2,550	Ψ	3,540	Ψ	5,761	Ψ	10,490	Ψ	9,829
Stock-based compensation expense	1,029		2,509		4,440		6,040		7,417		7,572
Provision for income tax	1,106		2,770		(2,028)		1,601		6,635		10,410
Interest expense	349		488		52		114		782		771
Interest income	(181)		(97)		(381)		(992)		(2,542)		(3,811)
Net litigation settlement gain (2)	(1,200)		(20)								
Change in fair value of contingent consideration (3)	70		(333)		44		19				
Costs related to our exit of the convenient breakfast product line							2,341				
Dissolution of Ovabrite, Inc.							122				
Adjusted EBITDA \$	6,406	\$	16,751	\$	8,049	\$	16,236	\$	48,348	\$	67,579
Net Income as a % of Net Revenue	2.4%		4.1%		0.9%		0.3%		5.4%		9.7%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*	4.6%		7.8%		3.1%		4.5%		10.2%		15.3%
Net Revenue	140,733		214,280		260,901		362,050		471,857		440,318

(1) Amount also includes finance lease amortization; (2) For the year ended December 29, 2019, amount reflects a gain in connection with the settlement of the Ovabrite lawsuit; (3) Amount reflects the change in fair value of a contingent consideration liability in connection with our 2014 acquisition of certain assets of Heartland Eggs

31 contingent consideration liability in connection with our 2014 acquisition of certain assets of He *Adjusted EBITDA Margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by net revenue

Source: Vital Farms public filings with the SEC

Historical Free Cash Flow Reconciliation

		52-Weeks 52-Weeks			-	2-Weeks	53-Weeks		39-Weeks		
	E	Ended	nded Ended			Ended		Ended	Ended		
(\$ thousands)	27	27-Dec-20		Dec-21	25-Dec-22		31-Dec-23		29-Sep-24		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	11,702	\$	17,682	\$	(8,098)	\$	50,906	\$	50,043	
Capital Expenditures		(10,300)		(16,711)		(10,468)		(11,538)		(10,482)	
Free Cash Flow		1,402		971		(18,566)		39,368		39,561	

